

1. **Construction:** It is made by mixing a special cementitious material with fine sand and water. The mixture is pressed into a specific shape and fired in a kiln.

2. **Types:** There are several types of tiles, including:

- Glazed tiles:** These have a smooth, glossy surface.
- Un-glazed tiles:** These have a matte, natural finish.
- Porcelain tiles:** These are made from a high-quality clay and are very durable.
- Stoneware tiles:** These are made from a natural stone and are also very durable.

3. **Uses:** Tiles are used in a wide variety of applications, including:

- Floors:** Tiles are commonly used for flooring in bathrooms, kitchens, and living areas.
- Walls:** Tiles are used for wall cladding in bathrooms and kitchens.
- Countertops:** Tiles are used for kitchen countertops and backsplashes.
- Decorative:** Tiles are used for decorative purposes, such as in mosaics and murals.

4. **Advantages:** Tiles offer several advantages, including:

- Durability:** Tiles are highly durable and can last for many years.
- Easy to clean:** Tiles are easy to clean and maintain.
- Water resistant:** Tiles are resistant to water and moisture.
- Fire resistant:** Tiles are fire resistant and can help to protect against fires.
- Wide range of colors and designs:** Tiles are available in a wide range of colors and designs, allowing for a lot of flexibility in design.

5. **Disadvantages:** Tiles also have some disadvantages, including:

- Expensive:** Tiles can be expensive, especially high-quality tiles.
- Hard on feet:** Tiles can be hard on feet, especially if they are not properly cushioned.
- Slippery:** Some tiles can be slippery, especially when wet.
- Cracking:** Tiles can crack if they are not properly installed or if they are subjected to heavy loads.

6. **Installation:** Tiles are installed by first preparing the surface, then applying a layer of mortar, and finally setting the tiles in place. The tiles are then grouted and polished.

7. **Maintenance:** Tiles require little maintenance, but they should be cleaned regularly with a mild detergent and water.

8. **Conclusion:** Tiles are a versatile and durable material that can be used in a wide variety of applications. They offer many advantages, including durability, ease of cleaning, and water resistance. However, they can be expensive and hard on feet.



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Gray 1#

Gray 2#

Gray 3#

Gray 4#

Gray 5#

Gray 6#

Gray 7#

Gray 8#

Gray 9#

Cement Gray

Dull Gray

Silver Gray

Metal Gray

Luxury Silver

Glacier White

Calaeatta

Pearl Gold

Slate Gray

Terra Brown

Greyish Green

Yellow Gray

Soft Khaki

Yellowish Brown

Olive Brown

Brownness

Dark Brown

Reddish Brown

Rock Bslack



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01 Clean the tiles and keep it dry



02 Polish with tile wax except the glazed tile



03 Open & Watch, both sides can extruded meanwhile



04 Screw on the nozzle, put on the grout gun



05 Inclined cut the top of the nozzle in 45°



06 Squeeze out 60-80cm long grout in the forepart



07 Evenly squeeze out the tile agent along the gap



08 Press the grout with professional glue-press tools



09 Don't touch in 4-5 hours and remove excess grout then.



10 Keep the tiles dry in 24 hours

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Two Component Caulking Gun



02



03



04



05



06



07



08



09

Cutter Knife

Pointing trowel

Brush

Forming Stick

Pointing Knife

Masking Tape

Stainless Steel Ball

Cleaning Awl

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Creaming Machine Line



Testing Machine



Batching Production Line



Cooling Filling



Filling Machine Line



Film-coated Machine



Real Material Stock



Stock

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